

(b) On or before the 5th day after the end of each month, the basic formula price, the prices for skim milk and butterfat, and the milk protein price.

[59 FR 15325, Apr. 1, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 6612, Feb. 2, 1995]

**§ 1135.54 Equivalent price.**

If for any reason a price or pricing constituent required by this part for computing class prices or for other purposes is not available as prescribed in this part, the market administrator shall use a price or pricing constituent determined by the Secretary to be equivalent to the price or pricing constituent that is required.

DIFFERENTIAL POOL AND HANDLER  
OBLIGATIONS

**§ 1135.60 Computation of handlers' obligations to pool.**

The market administrator shall compute each month for each handler described in § 1135.9(a) with respect to each of the handler's pool plants and for each handler qualified pursuant to § 1135.9(b), (c), or (d) an obligation to the pool by combining the amounts computed as follows:

(a) Multiply the hundredweight of producer milk assigned to Class I milk pursuant to § 1135.44(c) by the difference between the Class I price and the Class III price;

(b) Multiply the hundredweight of producer milk assigned to Class II milk pursuant to § 1135.44(c) by the difference between the Class II price and the Class III price;

(c) Add or subtract, as appropriate, the amount that results from multiplying the pounds of producer milk in Class III-A by the amount that the Class III-A price is more or less, respectively, than the Class III price;

(d) Multiply the skim milk price by the hundredweight of producer skim milk assigned to Class I milk pursuant to § 1135.44(a);

(e) Multiply the milk protein price by the pounds of protein in producer skim milk assigned to Class II and Class III pursuant to § 1135.44(a). The pounds of protein shall be computed by multiplying the hundredweight of skim milk so assigned by the average percentage of protein in all producer skim

milk received by the handler during the month;

(f) With respect to skim milk and butterfat overages assigned pursuant to § 1135.44(a)(14) and (b):

(1) Multiply the total pounds of butterfat by the butterfat price;

(2) Multiply the skim milk pounds assigned to Class I by the skim milk price;

(3) Multiply the protein pounds associated with the skim milk pounds assigned to Class II and III by the milk protein price;

(4) Multiply the combined skim milk and butterfat pounds assigned to Class I by the difference between the Class I price and the Class III price; and

(5) Multiply the combined skim milk and butterfat pounds assigned to Class II by the difference between the Class II price and the Class III price;

(g) With respect to skim milk and butterfat assigned to shrinkage pursuant to § 1135.44(a)(9) and (b):

(1) Multiply the total pounds of butterfat by the butterfat price;

(2) Multiply the skim milk pounds assigned to Class I by the skim milk price;

(3) Multiply the protein pounds associated with the skim milk pounds assigned to Class II and III by the milk protein price;

(4) Multiply the combined skim milk and butterfat pounds assigned to Class I by the difference between the Class I price and the Class III price;

(5) Multiply the combined skim milk and butterfat pounds assigned to Class II by the difference between the Class II price and the Class III price; and

(6) Subtract the Class III value of the milk at the previous month's protein and butterfat prices;

(h) Multiply the difference between the Class I price and the Class III price by the combined pounds of skim milk and butterfat assigned to Class I pursuant to § 1135.43(d) and subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1135.44(a)(7)(i) through (iv) and (b), excluding:

(1) Receipts of bulk fluid cream products from an other order plant;

(2) Receipts of bulk concentrated fluid milk products from pool plants, other order plants, and unregulated supply plants; and